

An imec.icon research project | project results





Paving the way for adaptive learning with a multi-purpose, self-learning analytics system

With an increasingly diverse student population in our classrooms and life-long learning becoming an essential part of our jobs, the need for personalized learning has intensified. Differentiation has become the holy grail of education. Educational technology can play an important role in this process, but to be truly effective digital support tools need to enable adaptive learning.

The LEAPS project developed a self-learning system for adaptive learning that is generic enough to be used in a wide variety of applications. To showcase the versatility of the system, the consortium developed three proofof-concepts with the same adaptivity algorithms: a game that trains initial reading skills, a game for training number sense and a digital writing assistant.

Many digital learning platforms already offer adaptive learning to a certain extent: you make a set of exercises and your score then determines which set you are presented with next. However, as the difficulty level of the exercises currently needs to be determined by a domain expert, developing new adaptive learning tools is expensive, rather cumbersome and not evidence-based.

The LEAPS project aimed to reduce the development time by creating a self-learning system that can function as the foundation for different adaptive learning applications. By choosing relevant proof-of-concepts that meet the educational needs of different target groups, the project also wanted to contribute to the immediate implementation of digital technology in education.

## THE OUTCOMES

# 1. One self-learning system to open up endless opportunities

What makes the LEAPS system unique is that it autonomously and permanently adapts the learning environment to the needs of the learner.

Wim Van den Noortgate (ITEC, an imec research group at KU Leuven): "Our system is self-learning. It analyzes data on-the-spot and uses this information to determine the difficulty level of an exercise and to continuously re-evaluate the user's proficiency level. This has two advantages: first, we no longer need domain experts to manually decide on the difficulty level of the learning material. Secondly, if you use the application more, the system will get to 'know' you better and will be able to present more targeted content. It will also notice if you have made progress and adapt the presented content accordingly."

#### 2. To the next level: adaptive educational games

The first two proof-of-concepts that are part of the LEAPS project are serious games, i.e. a game that trains number sense (elementary abilities related to numbers that are fundamental to math skills) and another that trains initial reading skills ('Lezergame'). Both are based on existing tools targeted at kindergarten and primary school pupils. As part of the LEAPS project, an adaptive layer was added to optimize the learning experience.

Wim Van den Noortgate: "The learning tools were tested in nine primary schools. In general, it was clear that pupils appreciated the digital support and learned faster when they used it. Although we experimented with the tools only for a couple of weeks, which is quite short to gather enough data for our self-learning algorithm to guarantee an optimal match between learners and content, we found that students learned faster with the adaptive version. It is expected that the impact would grow further if students used the tool longer."

#### 3. A digital writing assistant that 'knows' you

The third proof-of-concept, a digital writing assistant, seems completely different, but is based on the same algorithm. An adaptive learning layer was added to Alinea, Sensotec's existing writing support software targeted at dyslectic pupils. For this proof-of-concept, the LEAPS consortium also decided to extend the scope of the tool with a new version for language learners. Frank Allemeersch (Sensotec): "The writing assistant is based on word prediction. By adding adaptive learning algorithms, we enhance the quality and user-friendliness because we can now better anticipate the kind of errors that an individual user tends to make."

Kathleen Heireman (BLCC – Business Language & Communication Centre): "The same principle applies to the writing assistant for language learning. Dutch-speaking people learning French will make different mistakes than English learners. Because the tool gets to know the user, it will offer more targeted support. This is especially important in a business context, where learners expect efficient, customized support that can be integrated into their work environment."

### **NEXT STEPS**

Sensotec will now integrate the adaptive algorithm into the commercially available version of their reading game and digital writing assistant. Together with BLCC, they will also fine-tune the writing assistant for language learners. The number sense game is owned by KU Leuven and continues to be used in educational research.

Frederik Cornillie (ITEC, an imec research group at KU Leuven): "The LEAPS project fits perfectly within the mission of imec's Smart Education program. This program aims to build evidencebased technologies that enable human development in all kinds of settings. LEAPS shows how the imec.ICON instrument can set up a triple helix collaboration between key players in the EdTech industry, research institutions, and schools. Such collaborations are essential to drive the digital revolution in education."

Pelckmans

FACTS

NAME	LEAPS
OBJECTIVE	Developing a self-learning analytics system for adaptive learning
TECHNOLOGIES USED	Item Response Theory models, Elo rating system, decision trees, xAPI, linked data
ТҮРЕ	imec.icon project
DURATION	01/10/2016 - 30/09/2018
PROJECT LEAD	Frank Allemeersch, Sensotec
RESEARCH LEAD	Wim Van den Noortgate, ITEC, an imec research group at KU Leuven
BUDGET	1,670,354 euro
PROJECT PARTNERS	BLCC, Sensotec, Uitgeverij Pelckmans
IMEC RESEARCH GROUPS	IDLab, an imec research group at UGent; ITEC and mintlab, 2 imec research groups at KU Leuven, KU Leuven – Number Sense consortium
PARTICIPATING SCHOOLS	Scholengroep 26 Mandel en Leie, Scholengemeenschap De Zorg, Scholengemeenschap De Balk

The LEAPS project was co-funded by imec, with project support from Agentschap Innoveren & Ondernemen.





The imec.icon research program equals demand-driven, cooperative research. The driving force behind imec.icon projects are multidisciplinary teams of imec researchers, industry partners and/or social-profit organizations. Together, they lay the foundation of digital solutions which find their way into the product portfolios of the participating partners.

AMERICAS

LEAPS project partners:

raffaella.borzi@imec.be T +1 408 386 8357

JAPAN isao.kawata@imec.b T +81 90 9367 8463 CHINA

**Senso**tec

timo.dong@imec-cn.cn T +86 13564515130

### TAIWAN & SE-ASIA

mavis.ho@imec.be T +886 989 837 678 EUROPE & ISRAEL

michel.windal@imec.be T +32 478 96 67 29

#### VIETNAM, BRAZIL, RUSSIA, MID EAST, INDIA

max.mirgoli@imec.be T +1 415 480 4519

DISCLAIMER - This information is provided 'AS IS', without any representation or warranty. Imec is a registered trademark for the activities of IMEC International (a legal entity set up under Belgian law as a "stichting van openbaar nut"), imec Belgium (IMEC vzw supported by the Flemish Government), imec the Netherlands (Stichting IMEC Nederland, part of Holst Centre which is supported by the Dutch Government), imec Taiwan (IMEC Taiwan Co.) and imec China (IMEC Microelectronics (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.) and imec India (Imec India Private Limited), imec Florida (IMEC USA nanoelectronics design center).