

A person with a backpack is sitting on a rock, looking out over a vast solar farm at sunset. The scene is bathed in a warm, golden light, with the sun low on the horizon, creating a hazy, atmospheric effect. The solar panels are visible in the foreground, stretching towards the horizon.

**Service-based business models
for circular economy in
the solar power sector**

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www.circusol.eu

CREATING CIRCULAR BUSINESS MODELS IN THE SOLAR POWER INDUSTRY

Solar photovoltaics (PVs) and electric vehicles (EVs) have been two key engines powering the energy transition. As the numbers of PVs and EVs on the market rise, and more efficient models become available replacing earlier versions, resource efficiency is becoming an increasingly critical factor for the long-term success of these sectors. Circular economy and renewable, clean energy need to go hand in hand, to safeguard a truly sustainable transition towards a low-carbon future.

CIRCUSOL (www.circusol.eu) is a Research and

Innovation Action project funded by [the Horizon 2020 Programme of the European Commission](#). CIRCUSOL wants to unleash the full potential of circular business models, Product-Service Systems (PSS), in simultaneously delivering real environmental, economic and user benefits. By that, CIRCUSOL aims to establish solar power as a spearhead sector in demonstrating a path driven by service-based businesses towards a circular economy in Europe.

BY 2030

8 million
TONS OF PV

WILL BE DISCARDED
AS WASTE

2 million
OLD BATTERIES

WILL BE REMOVED
FROM EV

13 GW
SOLAR POWER
FOR EU

CAN BE PROVIDED BY
SECOND-LIFE PV

25 GWh
STORAGE CAPACITY FOR
RENEWABLE ENERGY

CAN BE PROVIDED BY
SECOND-LIFE BATTERIES

HOW WILL CIRCUSOL TACKLE THIS?

CIRCUSOL will develop and demonstrate Product-Service System (PSS) business models¹ for the solar power sector. What does this mean and how is this different from what happens today?

Today by default, a supplier sells new solar panels and batteries to a user. The user then manages the solar power generation and storage. When their use life at the site reaches the end, the PVs/batteries enter the waste stream and get recycled or disposed.

In a PSS model envisioned by CIRCUSOL, a supplier provides solar power generation and storage to a user as a service. The PV and batteries are installed at the user's site, but the supplier remains as the owner and is responsible for their optimal functioning. When their use life at the site reaches the end, the supplier takes them back and decides whether they can get a second life² and be installed somewhere else or should be sent for recycling.



WHY WOULD THIS BE BETTER? A PSS MODEL CAN BE A TRIPLE-WIN!



For the environment, a PSS model could reduce waste by enabling longer product life with e.g. proper maintenance, and by encouraging market adoption of second-life products, since their performance, lifetime and safety will be assured by the supplier.



For the user, a PSS model could significantly reduce initial investment, ensure optimal performance of the installed system, and minimize hassles throughout the whole process and increase the level of service and warranties.



For the supplier, a PSS model could provide diversified, recurring revenue and long-term relationship with the customers.

CIRCUSOL WILL WORK ON THREE KEY SUCCESS FACTORS:

- **Environmental benefits**, by paving way for high-quality supply and market adoption of second-life PV modules and batteries.
- **Market competitiveness**, by co-creating value propositions which answer to real user needs.
- **Financial health**, by reducing costs with new operational processes and digital technologies; and by creating new revenue streams and financing mechanisms.

CIRCUSOL WILL DELIVER:

- **Circular PSS business models** with real environmental benefits and economic feasibility, validated in five real-life commercial demonstrators, and suitable for replication.
- Second-life PV modules and second-life batteries **labelling and certification protocols**;
- **Business case** for circular product designs in the PV supply chain.
- **Validated systemic circular business model innovation methodologies and tools** for broader use in business and academia.
- **Policy recommendations**.
- **New ICT platform for data generation, storage, analysis and sharing** throughout the value chain.

1 PRODUCT-SERVICE SYSTEMS (PSS)

A product-service system (PSS) can be defined as consisting of “tangible products and intangible services designed and combined so that they jointly are capable of fulfilling specific customer needs”. The term covers a wide range of business models from product-oriented (such as maintenance contracts), to use-oriented (such as leasing and sharing), to result-oriented (such as pay-per-use, or Philips Pay per Lux). (Tukker, 2004)

PSS models, the ‘result-oriented’ PSS, have the potential to align environmental and economic incentives. In theory, it would be in the interest of both producer and consumer to extend product lifetime and minimize life-cycle costs.

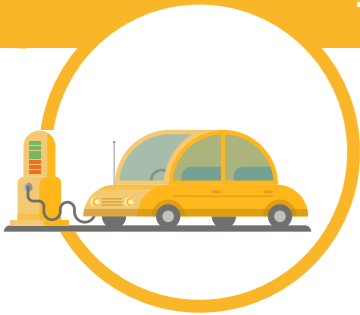
2 SECOND LIFE

The term “second-life” refers to re-use, refurbish or remanufacture. In second-life circular paths, the product remains as a product or components. It is different from recycling, in which the product is disintegrated and recovered as raw materials.

FIVE DEMONSTRATORS IN THREE COUNTRIES

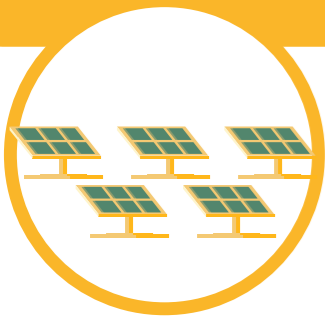
A central activity of CIRCUSOL is to validate circular solar service models in **five large-scale demonstrators**. The demonstrators are selected to represent different market segments (residential, commercial and utility), different European countries (France, Belgium and Switzerland), and different scale (from single sites to entire region). **Together they will demonstrate three key success factors of circular service business models.**

1. CLOVERLEAF HEUSDEN-ZOLDER, BELGIUM, DEMO LEAD FUTECH



This demonstrator site is at an existing EV charging facility in Belgium. The facility already has a MW PV installation, provided by Futech under Power Purchase Agreement. Futech will add second-life batteries to the site as a service. The objective is to demonstrate the economic and technical feasibility of a storage-as-a-service model using second-life batteries for a commercial end-user.

2. SECOND SUN4GRID ST-REMY-DE-MAURIENNE, FRANCE, DEMO LEAD SOREA



This demonstrator will build a solar power plant with about 100kWp refurbished PV and 100kWh remanufactured EV batteries. The solar power plant is planned to be co-financed as an investment by private individuals and local authorities, and operated by SOREA. The objectives include developing energy management as a service for investors, demonstrating second-life PV and batteries in utility applications and a financing mechanism with mixed ownership and crowd funding.



3. WAASLAND CO-HOUSING SINT-NIKLAAS, BELGIUM, DEMO LEAD DAIDALOS

The Waasland co-housing complex has 22 households, with a large proportion of shared space and facilities. This demo installs a second-life PV system (potentially with batteries) at the co-housing complex, and will test new service propositions co-created with the residents, such as energy consumption feedback and optimization.

This demo aims to demonstrate solar PSS value propositions for the residential market, as well as evaluate technical feasibility and market potential of second-life PV (and batteries) for residential applications.



4. SCALING PSS WOHLEN BEI BERN & LAGOULE, SWITZERLAND, DEMO LEAD BKW

This demo will roll out solar power services in steps at different geographic scales in Switzerland, from neighborhood (~30 homes), to village (~1,000 homes), and eventually to region (~30,000 homes). The operational path to scale up in the residential segment is complex and challenging, since each home owner has individual preferences and investment possibilities. This demo aims to establish an economical geographical scaling path of solar PSS models in the residential segment, enabled by cost-efficient operational processes with innovative planning and coordination software.

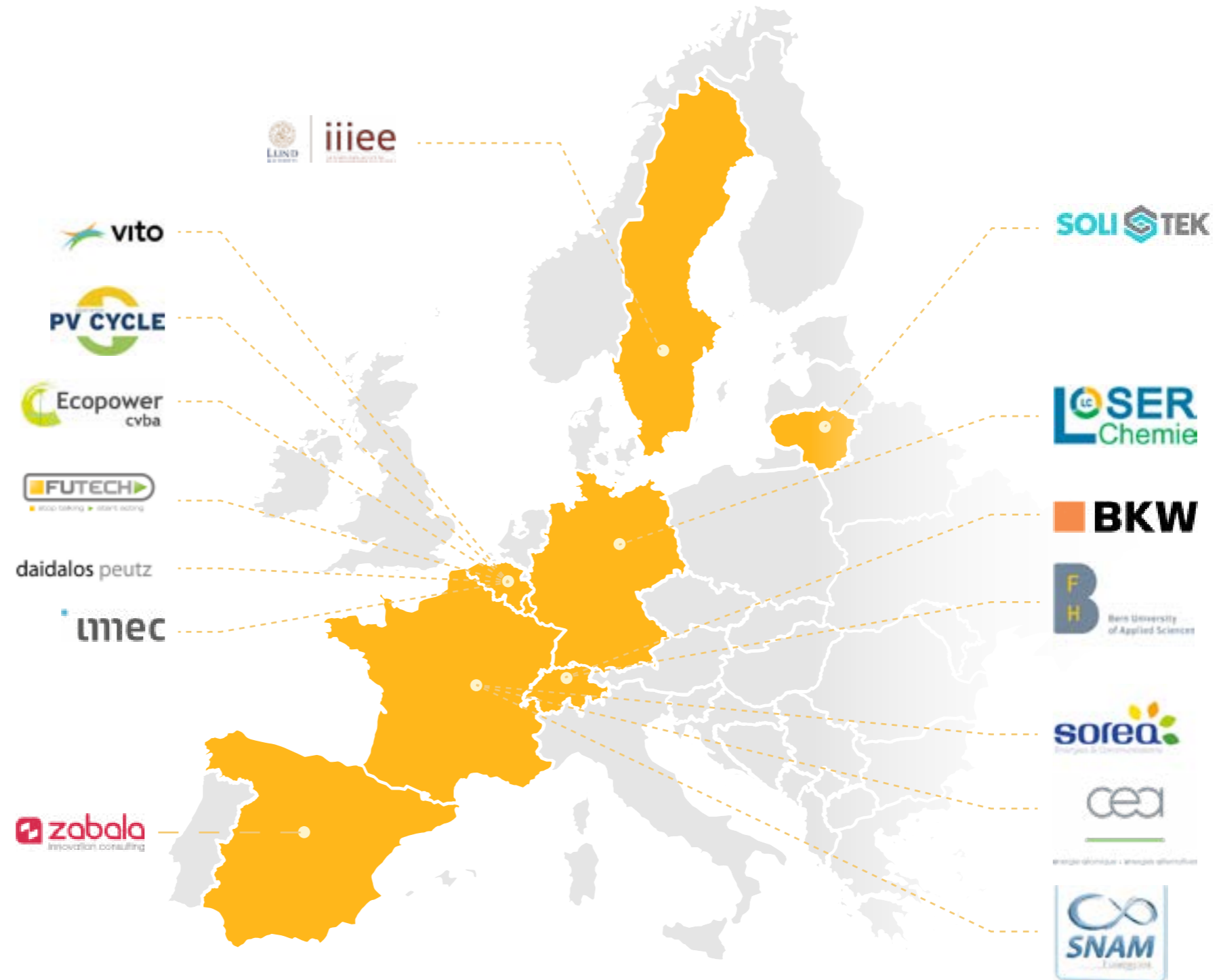


5. RESCOOP PV FLANDERS, BELGIUM, DEMO LEAD ECOPOWER

In this demo, Ecopower will launch the solar PSS offer to its member base of 50,000 Flemish citizens. The PSS will then be implemented in the households signed up for the offer. This demonstrator is a large-scale market replication experiment for 1) residential market acceptance of solar PSS value propositions; 2) operational process for scaling up solar PSS in individual households at regional level.

15 PARTNERS TO ACHIEVE THE GOAL IN EUROPE

CIRCUSOL brings together **15 partners** from 7 different countries. The consortium consists of **5 research centers** and universities, 9 industrial players from the PV and battery value chains, and 1 consultancy firm. The consortium is coordinated by VITO (Flemish Institute for Technological Research).





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